

NAME

`compar` -- compare two character strings

SYNOPSIS

```
compar(str1, str2, len) char *str1, *str2; int len;
```

DESCRIPTION

This subroutine compares two given strings, character by character, for a specified length and returns the following values:

```
if str1 < str2 -- return negative integer
if str1 = str2 -- return zero
if str1 > str2 -- return positive integer
```

`Compar` has three arguments, str1, str2, and len. The addresses of the two strings are passed as str1 and str2, while len is the number of bytes to be compared.

LIBRARY

`/lib/lib1.a`

SEE ALSO

`strncmp(3)`